WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2017 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 37

FISCAL NOTE

By Senators Stollings, Jeffries and Beach

[Introduced February 8, 2017; referred

to the Committee on Health and Human Resources; and

then to the Committee on Finance]

A BILL to amend and reenact §16-9A-1, §16-9A-2, §16-9A-3, §16-9A-7 and §16-9A-8 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to raising legal age for purchase of tobacco, tobacco products, tobacco-derived products, alternative nicotine products and vapor products to twenty-one.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §16-9A-1, §16-9A-2, §16-9A-3, §16-9A-7 and §16-9A-8 of the Code of West Virginia,

1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9A. TOBACCO USAGE RESTRICTIONS.

§16-9A-1. Legislative intent.

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The Legislature hereby declares it to be the policy and intent of this state to discourage and ban the use of tobacco products by minors persons under the age of twenty-one. As basis for this policy, the Legislature hereby finds and accepts the medical evidence that smoking tobacco may cause lung cancer, heart disease, emphysema and other serious health problems while the use of smokeless tobacco may cause gum disease and oral cancer. It is the further intent of the Legislature in banning the use of tobacco products by minors persons under the age of twenty-one to ease the personal tragedy and eradicate the severe economic loss associated with the use of tobacco and to provide the state with a citizenry free from the use of tobacco.

- §16-9A-2. Definitions; sale or gift of cigarette, cigarette paper, pipe, cigar, snuff, chewing tobacco, pipe tobacco, roll-your-own tobacco, tobacco products, tobacco-derived and alternative nicotine product or vapor products to persons under eighteen twenty-one; penalties for first and subsequent offense; consideration of prohibited act as grounds for dismissal; impact on eligibility for unemployment benefits.
 - (a) For purposes of this article, the term:
- (1) "Tobacco product" and "tobacco-derived product" means any product, containing, made or derived from tobacco, or containing nicotine derived from tobacco, that is intended for human consumption, whether smoked, breathed, chewed, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled,

vaporized, snorted, sniffed or ingested by any other means, including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, cigarillos, little cigars, pipe tobacco, snuff, snus, chewing tobacco or other common tobacco-containing products. A "tobacco-derived product" includes electronic cigarettes or similar devices, alternative nicotine products and vapor products. "Tobacco product" or "tobacco-derived product" does not include any product that is regulated by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Chapter V of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.

- (2) "Alternative nicotine product" means any noncombustible product containing nicotine that is intended for human consumption, whether chewed, absorbed, dissolved or ingested by any other means. "Alternative nicotine product" does not include any tobacco product, vapor product or product regulated as a drug or device by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Chapter V of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
- (3) "Vapor product" means any noncombustible product containing nicotine that employs a heating element, power source, electronic circuit or other electronic, chemical or mechanical means, regardless of shape and size, that can be used to produce vapor from nicotine in a solution or other form. "Vapor product" includes any electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe or similar product or device, and any vapor cartridge or other container of nicotine in a solution or other form that is intended to be used with or in an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe or similar product or device. "Vapor product" does not include any product that is regulated by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Chapter V of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
- (b) No person, firm, corporation or business entity may sell, give or furnish, or cause to be sold, given or furnished, to any person under the age of eighteen twenty-one years:
- (1) Any pipe, cigarette paper or any other paper prepared, manufactured or made for the purpose of smoking any tobacco or tobacco product;
 - (2) Any cigar, cigarette, snuff, chewing tobacco or tobacco product, in any form; or

(3) Any tobacco-derived product, alternative nicotine product or vapor product.

(c) Any firm or corporation that violates any of the provisions of subsection (b) of this section and any individual who violates any of the provisions of subsection (b) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined \$50 for the first offense. Upon any subsequent violation at the same location or operating unit, the firm, corporation or individual shall be fined as follows: At least \$250 but not more than \$500 for the second offense, if it occurs within two years of the first conviction; at least \$500 but not more than \$750 for the third offense, if it occurs within two years of the first conviction; and at least \$1,000 but not more than \$5,000 for any subsequent offenses, if the subsequent offense occurs within five years of the first conviction.

(d) Any individual who knowingly and intentionally sells, gives or furnishes or causes to be sold, given or furnished to any person under the age of eighteen years twenty-one any cigar, cigarette, snuff, chewing tobacco, tobacco product or tobacco-derived product, in any form, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, for the first offense shall be fined not more than \$100; upon conviction thereof for a second or subsequent offense, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500.

(e) Any employer who discovers that his or her employee has sold or furnished tobacco products or tobacco-derived products to minors persons under the age of twenty-one may dismiss such employee for cause. Any such discharge shall be considered as "gross misconduct" for the purposes of determining the discharged employees eligibility for unemployment benefits in accordance with the provisions of section three, article six, chapter twenty-one-a of this code, if the employer has provided the employee with prior written notice in the workplace that such act or acts may result in their termination from employment.

§16-9A-3. Use or possession of tobacco or tobacco products, alternative nicotine products or vapor products by persons under the age of eighteen twenty-one years;

penalties.

No person under the age of eighteen twenty-one years shall have on or about his or her person or premises or use any cigarette, or cigarette paper or any other paper prepared, manufactured or made for the purpose of smoking any tobacco products, in any form; any pipe, snuff, chewing tobacco, tobacco product or tobacco-derived product: *Provided*, That miners persons under the age of twenty-one participating in the inspection of locations where tobacco products or tobacco-derived products, are sold or distributed pursuant to section seven of this article is not considered to violate the provisions of this section. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall for the first violation be fined \$50 and be required to serve eight hours of community service; for a second violation, the person shall be fined \$100 and be required to serve sixteen hours of community service; and for a third and each subsequent violation, the person shall be fined \$200 and be required to serve twenty-four hours of community service. Notwithstanding the provisions of section two, article five, chapter forty-nine, the magistrate court has concurrent jurisdiction.

- §16-9A-7. Enforcement of youth smoking laws and youth nicotine restrictions; inspection of retail outlets where tobacco, tobacco products, vapor products or alternative nicotine products are sold; use of minors persons under the age of twenty-one in inspections; annual reports; penalties; defenses.
- (a) The Commissioner of the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Administration, the Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police, the sheriffs of the counties of this state and the chiefs of police of municipalities of this state, may periodically conduct unannounced inspections at locations where tobacco products or tobacco-derived products, are sold or distributed to ensure compliance with the provisions of sections two and three of this article and in such manner as to conform with applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations. Persons under the age of eighteen twenty-one years may be enlisted by such commissioner, superintendent, sheriffs or

chiefs of police or employees or agents thereof to test compliance with these sections: *Provided*, That the minors persons under the age of twenty-one may be used to test compliance only if the testing is conducted under the direct supervision of the commissioner, superintendent, sheriffs or chiefs of police or employees or agents thereof and written consent of the parent or guardian of such person is first obtained and such minors those persons under the age of twenty-one shall not be in violation of section three of this article and chapter when acting under the direct supervision of the commissioner, superintendent, sheriffs or chiefs of police or employees or agents thereof and with the written consent of the parent or guardian. It is unlawful for any person to use persons under the age of eighteen twenty-one years to test compliance in any manner not set forth herein and the person so using a minor is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined the same amounts as set forth in section two of this article.

- (b) A person charged with a violation of section two or three of this article as the result of an inspection under subsection (a) of this section has a complete defense if, at the time the cigarette, other tobacco product or tobacco-derived product, or cigarette wrapper, was sold, delivered, bartered, furnished or given:
- (1) The buyer or recipient falsely evidenced that he or she was eighteen twenty-one years of age or older;
- (2) The appearance of the buyer or recipient was such that a prudent person would believe the buyer or recipient to be eighteen twenty-one years of age or older; and
- (3) Such person carefully checked a drivers license or an identification card issued by this state or another state of the United States, a passport or a United States armed services identification card presented by the buyer or recipient and acted in good faith and in reliance upon the representation and appearance of the buyer or recipient in the belief that the buyer or recipient was eighteen twenty-one years of age or older.
 - (c) Any fine collected after a conviction of violating section two of this article shall be paid

to the clerk of the court in which the conviction was obtained: *Provided,* That the clerk of the court upon receiving the fine shall promptly notify the Commissioner of the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Administration of the conviction and the collection of the fine: *Provided, however,* That any community service penalty imposed after a conviction of violating section three of this article shall be recorded by the clerk of the court in which the conviction was obtained: *Provided further,* That the clerk of the court upon being advised that community service obligations have been fulfilled shall promptly notify the Commissioner of the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Administration of the conviction and the satisfaction of imposed community service penalty.

(d) The Commissioner of the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Administration or his or her designee shall prepare and submit to the Governor on the last day of September of each year a report of the enforcement and compliance activities undertaken pursuant to this section and the results of the same, with a copy to the Secretary of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources. The report shall be in the form and substance that the Governor shall submit to the applicable state and federal programs.

§16-9A-8. Selling of tobacco products, tobacco-derived products, alternative nicotine products or vapor products in vending machines prohibited except in certain places.

No person or business entity may offer for sale any cigarette, tobacco product or tobaccoderived product, in a vending machine. Any person or business entity which violates the
provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined
\$250: Provided, That an establishment is exempt from this prohibition if individuals under the age
of eighteen twenty-one years are not permitted to be in the establishment or if the establishment
is licensed by the Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner as a Class A licensee. The Alcohol
Beverage Control Commissioner shall promulgate rules pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-

8 nine-a of this code to establish standards for the location and control of the vending machines in

- 9 Class A licensed establishments for the purpose of restricting access by minors persons under
- 10 the age of twenty-one.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to raise the legal age for purchase of tobacco, tobacco products, tobacco-derived products, alternative nicotine products and vapor products to twenty-one.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.